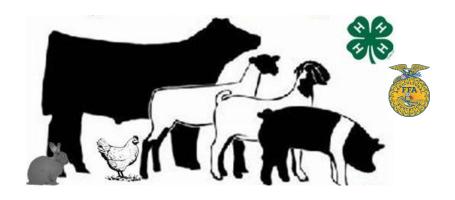
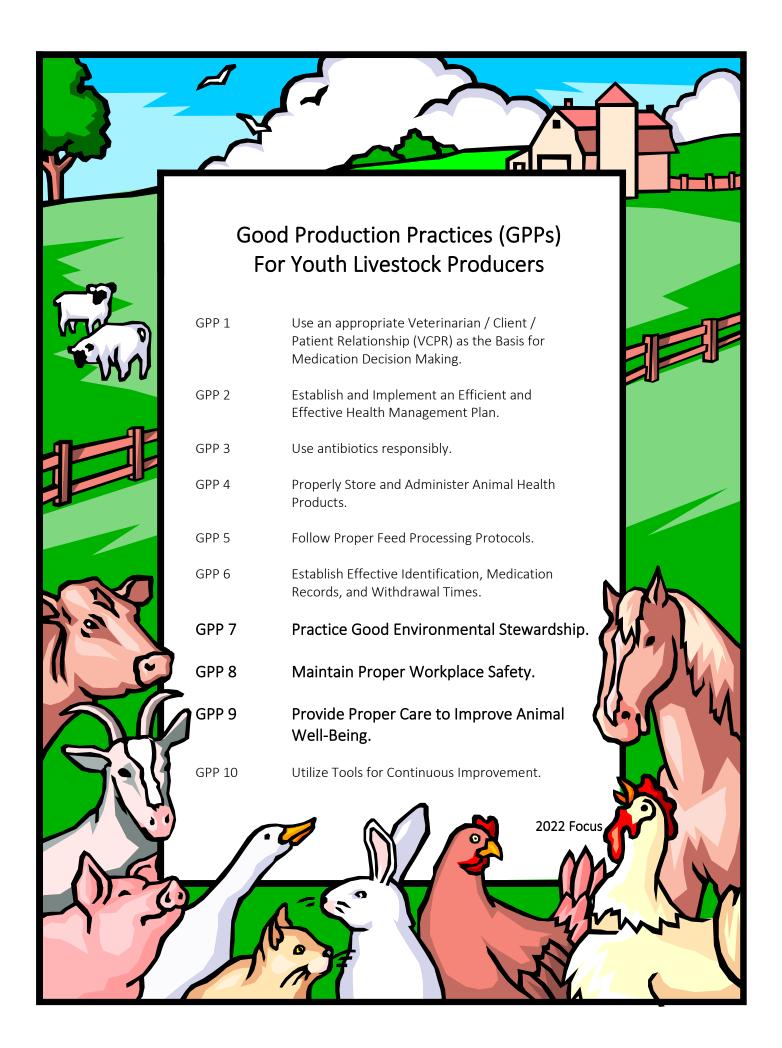
Licking County 4-H / FFA / Hartford Fair Quality Assurance Materials



POULTRY Project Packet



2022 Hartford Independent Fair Junior Fair Livestock / Animal Requirement Summary (Last Revision 03.16.2022)

| | Exhibit Limit | Possession | Pre-Fair Weigh-In/Tagging | Licking County Quality Assurance (Must attend one session) JUNE 1* Deadline | Clinics | Entry Deadline | Animal Requirements | Health Requirements |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|
| Market Steer & Market Heifer | Maximum of 6 entries for Beef Division (Dept. 102/103/104/105) | December 11, 2021 Weigh-In | Must be weighed, tattooed, and tagged on Saturday, December 11, 2021 (8 - 11 a.m.) Grubb Arena, Fairgrounds) Fee: \$5 / RFID Tag (if needed) | Training offered ONLINE on April 5th, 16th, 20th, 28th, and May 4th, 14th and 19th. Pre-Registration Required. | | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | All animals must be dehorned and bulls castrated before December weigh-in. Must be 950 lbs. to sell | No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to weith-in. |
| Steer Pool | May only draw 1 animal from pool to exhibit. Maximum of 6 entries for Beef Division (Dept. 102/103/104/105) | Steer Pool Selection Date (November) | Completed during selection of steers. | Training offered ONLINE on April 5 th , 16 th , 20 th , 28 th , and May 4 th , 14 th and 15 th . Pre-Registration Required. | Attend regularly scheduled Steer Pool meetings | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | | No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to weigh-in. |
| Beef Feeder Calf | Maximum of 6 entries for Beef Division (Dept. 102/103/104/105) | June 1 st | N/A | Training offered ONUNE on April 5th , 16th , 20th , 28th and 19th . and May 4th , 14th and 19th . Pre-Registration Required . | | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | Calves must weigh between 300 lbs, and 700 lbs, to show for champion (steers and heifers only) | No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. |
| Breeding Beef | Maximum of 6 entries for Beef Division (Dept. 102/103/104/105) | 90 days preceding the fair | N/A | Training offered ONLINE on April 5 th , 16 th , 20 th , 28 th , and May 4 th , 14 th and 19 th . Pre-Registration Required. | | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | All breeds, except crossbreds, must be registered to show for special premiums. Registration papers will be checked at fair. (Not a sale animal) | No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. |
| Dairy Feeder Calf | Maximum of 6 entries for Beef Division (Dept. 102/103/104/105) | May 1 | Must be weighed, tagged and vaccinated on Saturday, June 4 (9 a.m 12:00 p.m.) Grubb Arena, Hartford Fairgrounds Fee: \$10 animal **Must be dehorned / castrated prior to June 4 in order to be tagged ** | Training offered ONLINE on April 5th, 16th, 20th, 28th, and May 4th, 14th and 19th. Pre-Registration Required. | | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | 100% Holstein or Brown Swiss. Calf must be dehomed, and castrated PRIOR to weigh-in. Must weigh, 400-650 lbs. to sell through junior fair sale. | No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to weigh-in. |
| Dairy Cattle | No limit as to the number of dairy entries | 90 days preceding the fair | N/A | Training offered ONLINE on April 5th , 15th , 20th , 28th , and May 4th , 14th and 19th . Pre-Registration Required . | | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | No horns permitted (except on junior and intermediate helfers). (Not a sale animal) | No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. |
| Market Hogs | May exhibit up to 2 animals per exhibitor | 90 days preceding the fair | Market Hog ID papers must be submitted to the Hartford Fair Office by no later than 5:00 p.m. on May 15 (may be postmarked May 15) | Training offered ONLINE on April 5th, 16th, 20th, 28th, and May 4th, 14th and 19th. Pre-Registration Required. | | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | Terminal Sale. Min. of 200lbs. to sell / 220-290 lbs. to show for Champion. Any breed / cross. Gilts and barrows allowed. Clipping discouraged— hair must meet ODA Rev., Code. | No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to weigh-in. |
| Market Lambs | May exhibit up to 5 animals (1 pen of two and 3 singles) NOTE: Car't be shown in Breeding Sheep show during Harford Fair. | May 1 | Tagging on May 7 (9 a.m. – 12 p.m.) Sheriff Office, Hartford Fairgrounds Up to 6 iambs may be tagged at that time. Fee: 55 per animal. Scraples taggs are equired for identification. | Training offered ONLINE on April 5th, 16th, 20th, 28th, and May 4th, 14th and 19th. Pre-Registration Required. | | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | No rams allowed. MUST be slick shorn one week or less prior to the fair. All ambs must weigh min. of 95 lbs. (except Southdown and Cheviors 85 lbs.) | Must have USDA approved Scraples tag. No health papers required. However, you must follow vaste guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. Feeding forms will be completed online prior to weigh-in. |
| Market Lamb Pool | May select / exhibit up to two lambs. (Counts toward max of 5 that can be shown in Dept 108 Market Lamb) | Lamb Pool Selection will take place April 24. Pre-registration required. | Completed during selection of lambs. NOTE: Lamb Pool application deadline is April 3. | Training offered ONLINE on April 5 th , 15 th , 20 th , 28 th , and May 4 th , 14 th and 19 th . Pre-Registration Required. | | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | | Must have USDA approved Scraples tag. No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to weigh-in. |
| Breeding Sheep | May exhibit up to 5 entries in Junior Fair. | 90 days preceding the fair | N/A | Training offered ONLINE on April 5th, 16th, 20th, 28th, and May 4th, 14th and 19th. Pre-Registration Required. | | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | May show ewes or rams. (Not a sale animal) | Must have USDA approved Scraples tag in all breeding stock. No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. |

| | | · | - | | | r | | T | |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Equine (Horse & Pony) | Llamas | Dogs | Breeding Poultry | Meat Poultry (broilers/turkeys / ducks) | Breeding Rabbits | Market Rabbits | Breeding Goats | Market Goats | |
| May exhibit up to 6 animals (may only stall 1 animal) NOTE: All horses and ponies must have a Body Condition Score (BCS) of at least "4" to be exhibited at 4-H events and shows. | May exhibit up to 6 Llamas, max of 6 entries. | May exhibit up to 6 Dogs, max of 6 entries. | Max of 2 per Lot, which counts toward max of 6 entries for Market Poultry. | Max of 2 per lot, which counts toward max of 6 entries for Market Poultry. Meat turkeys, chickens and ducks must be purchased through a Hartford Fair Poultry Pool. | Max of 2 per Lot, which counts toward max of 6 entries for Market and Breeding Rabbits. | Max of 2 per Lot, which counts toward max of 6 entries for Market and Breeding Rabbits. | May exhibit up to 6 animals (any market goat entries count toward this total of six entries within the goat department) | May exhibit up to 2 animals. | Exhibit Limit |
| Licking County exhibitors submit by April 28 to LC4-HH&PC Knox & Delaware exhibitors submit by May 1 to Hartford Fair Office | 90 days preceding the fair | April 1 Must be owned by exhibitor or immediate family | 90 days preceding the fair | Meat turkeys / chickens / ducks must be purchased through Hartford Fair Poultry Pool. | 90 days preceding the fair | 30 days preceding fair | 90 days preceding the fair | May 21* | Possession |
| A/N | N/A | N/A | Wing Banding May 7 (10 a.m 2 p.m.) Beef Barn, Hartford Fairgrounds Fee: \$1 / entry | Turkeys are banded May 7 (10 a.m. – 12 p.m.) Beef Barn, Hartford Faligrounds All other Meat Poultry - Wing Banding July 9 (10 a.m 2 p.m.) Beef Barn, Hartford Faligrounds Fee: \$1 / entry | Registration/Tattooing Sr. Rabbits May 7 (10 a.m 2 p.m.) Jr Rabbits - July 9 (10 a.m 2 p.m.) Beef Barn, Hartford Fairgrounds Fee: \$1 / animal | Registration/Tattooing July 9 (10 a.m 2 p.m.) Beef Barn, Hartford Fairgrounds Fee: \$1 / animal | N/A | Tagging on May 21 (10 a.m12 p.m.) Goat Barn, Hartford Fairgrounds Fee: \$2/ animal May tag up to 6 animals. Scraples tags are required for identification. | Pre-Fair Weigh-In/Tagging |
| Training for all 1st Year Horse Project Members will be offered OnLINE May 17th and 26th, Pre-Registration Required. | No Quality Assurance Program required for this species in 2022. | No Quality Assurance Program required for this species in 2022. | Training offered ONLINE on April 5 th , 16 th , 20 th , 28 th , and May 4 th , 14 th and 19 th . Pre-Registration Required. | Training offered ONLINE on April 5th, 16th, 20th, 28th, and May 4th, 14th and 19th. Pre-Registration Required. | Training offered ONLINE on April 5%, 15%, 20%, 28%, and May 4%, 14% and 19%. Pre-Registration Required. | Training offered ONLINE on April 5 th , 16 th , 20 th , 28 th , and May 4 th , 14 th and 19 th . Pre-Registration Required. | Training offered ONUNE on April 5th, 16th, 20th, 28th, and May 4th, 14th and 19th. Pre-Registration Required. | Training offered ONLINE on April 5°, 16°, 20°, 28°, and May 4°, 14° and 19°. Pre-Registration Required. | Licking County Quality Assurance (Must attend one session) JUNE 1st Deadline |
| Licking County Pony measurements made by appointment prior to April 10. Contact Nancy Arledge (#614.989.5717). An educational clinic will be held May 7, sponsored by the Licking County 4-H Horse & Peny Council. | | | Rabbit & Poultry Fun Show will be held at a date to be announced. Show & Showmanship classes will be offered | Rabbit & Poultry Fun Show will be held at a date to be announced. Show & Showmanship classes will be offered | Rabbit & Poultry Fun Show will be held at a date to be announced. Show & Showmanship classes will be offered | Rabbit & Poultry Fun Show will be held at a date to be announced. Show & Showmanship classes will be offered | Goats R Us 4-H Club will host workshops on June 23 and July 14 at the Hartford Fairgrounds that are open to any youth. Contact Laney McLaughlin # 740.927.4790 | Goats R Us 4-H Club will host workshops on June 23 and July 14 at the Hartford Fairgrounds that are open to any youth. Contact Laney McLaughlin # 740.927.4790 | Clinics |
| Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | Saturday, June 18 - 5:00 p.m. Member will receive entry notification. Changes must be made prior to July 22 late entry deadline. | Entries |
| (Not a sale animal) Pre-entry for classes is required. All classes must be entered by fair entry deadline. | (Not a sale animal) Haul-in only, Temporary stalling will be provided day of show, | (Not a sale animal) Need certificate of license & dog license tag to register. Dog must be older than 6 mos. at time of show. Dogs in heat may not be shown. | (Not a sale animal) | Meat chicken/single broiler/ pen of three birds must weigh between 5 and 8 lbs. Meat turkeys, chickens and ducks must be purchased through Hartford Fair Poultry Pool. | (Not a sale animal) | Single fryer / pen of three rabbits min 3 ½ lbs. / max 5 ½ lbs. 69 days old each at show | No horned goats permitted in dairy classes. No bucks permitted. (Not a sale animal) Only goats entered in Junior Fair may stay on the grounds. | Minimum of 45 lbs. to sell. MUST be slick shorn one week or less prior to the fair. Only goats entered in Junior Fair may stay on the grounds. | Animal Requirements |
| Required Vaccinations: West Nile Combo (Includes Tetanus), Rhino/Flu, and Equine Rabies. Health papers must be presented at Vet Check Point & Horse Project Grading. Veterinarian certificate and DUNF required for any and all medications with unexpired withdrawal period. | No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. | Hartford Fair Certificate of Vaccination form required. (available through Licking County 4-H Club Advisors and the Licking County Extension Office website) | Be prepared to show NPIP health papers. All turkeys must be Pollorum tested by a veterinarian. Health papers must be presented upon arrival to barn. | Be prepared to show NPIP health papers. D.U.N.F. and U.P., feeding forms will be completed online prior to weigh-in. | No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. | No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to weigh-in. | Must have USDA approved Scraples identification in <u>all Equats</u> (ear tag / microchip / tattoo / registration papers), to health papers required. Must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to weigh-in. | Must have USDA approved Scraples identification in all gazts (ear tag / microchip / tattoo / registration appers). No health papers required. Must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to weigh-in. | Health Requirements |

For all species divisions which are listed on this form, the youth member must be currently enrolled in the respective appropriate project in either Licking, Knox, or Delaware County 4-H / FFA/Steer Pool programs. The project must be carried through the county of which the youth is a 4-H or FFA member in good standing. Licking, Knox and Delaware County members are encouraged to attend a Quality Assurance Program within their county of membership.

2022 HARTFORD SENIOR FAIR BOARD POINTS OF IMPORTANCE

VARIOUS ANIMAL UPDATES AND REMINDERS...

— BFFF.

- Additional classes will be offered within the All Other Breeds (AOB) division, separating entries by high and low percentage designations.
- o Market Steer / Heifer weigh-in will take place on Saturday, immediately following Steer Pool weigh-in.

— DAIRY FEEDERS.

Dairy Feeder calves may be only of 100% Holstein or Brown Swiss breeding.

— GOATS.

- o All goats must have approved Scrapies identification!
- o Dairy and Pygmy shows will be held Tuesday, August 9th at 9:00 a.m. in east end of Grubb Arena.
- o Only goats entered in Junior Fair classes may stay on the grounds.
- o Market Goat show will include special awards for Bred and Owned entries, increase to ten classes, and the Open Dairy show will have additional lots added.
- o An Open Pygmy Goat show will take place on Thursday evening in B. Carr Arena.

— HORSE.

- o Horse Department schedule will likely have changes... Please watch website and email for updated schedule and rules.
- o No Open Draft Show will be held in 2022.
- o A Groom & Clean Contest will be offered on Sunday in the Horse Complex.

— MARKET LAMBS.

- All market lambs which are ewes, as well as ewes and wethers that are coming from out-of-state, must have USDA approved Scrapies tag identification.
- o Licking County Sheep Improvement Association will sponsor a Carcass Contest for Market Lamb exhibitors. Entry can be made at time of weigh-in for \$5.00 fee. Ultrasound will determine placing. Cash prizes will be awarded.
- o Market Lambs not selling through Market Lamb Sale on Saturday are released immediately following the show. If being taken home, they must be off the grounds by 10:00 a.m. on Thursday. A packer truck will be available to sell extra lambs (day/time TBA). NOTE: All breeding sheep must stay until Saturday.

BREEDING SHEEP.

- o Breeding sheep exhibitors must have USDA approved Scrapies tags in all ewes, rams, and wethers over 18 months (there are no breeding classes for wethers).
- o Wool classes will be offered in 2022!

MARKET HOGS.

- O Hog Identification Forms are required of all junior fair hogs. Forms must be submitted to the Hartford Fair Office by May 15th. Up to four (4) hogs may be identified.
- o Ractopamine is no longer forbidden, as it is also permitted during the 2022 Ohio State Fair.
- o Hog showmanship sign-up will take place on Saturday and Sunday, with class assignments being posted early Monday morning.
- o All hogs consigned to sale will be sent to the packer on either Tuesday night or Wednesday. All youth participating in the sale must send one hog on the trailer. Hogs will not be present during the hog sale on Thursday.
- o Any youth bringing a second hog for exhibition will be responsible for removing that hog from the fairgrounds on Friday. Those hogs are not permitted to be taken on the packer truck earlier in the week. These hogs are also eligible to be shown in an open market hog show on Friday.
- o All pens should be cleaned by exhibitors at the time that their hog is removed from the grounds, with absolutely all pens being cleaned by end of the day on Friday.
- o Market Hogs must weigh 200 lbs. to show and must be 220-<u>290</u> to show for championship awards. (maximum weight had been 280 in the past) Market Hog weigh-in will be begin at 9:00 a.m. on Sunday morning during the fair (rather than 10:00 a.m.)

— RABBITS & POULTRY.

- o Egg Layer Turkey classes have been moved to the Fancy seton of the department. Be attentive when making entries.
- o All meat poultry and meat rabbits must weigh-in prior to having sale photo taken during the fair.

GENERAL JUNIOR FAIR LIVESTOCK.

- o All market animal exhibitors must complete their Drug Use Notification Form (DUNF) online by 11:59 p.m. on Friday, August 5th. Meat Poultry and Market Hogs will complete their forms after they have arrived to the fairgrounds and either weigh-in (Poultry) or receive official tags (Hogs).
- O Junior fair animals are not permitted to show in both market and breeding shows. Animals must be designated to a single project.
- o All exhibitors are reminded that they are expected to clean stall / bedding areas both during the fair, and then at the conclusion of the fair prior to removing their animals from the grounds.
- o Voucher system is changing in 2022! Vouchers will NOT be handed out to exhibitors during shows and events. Rather, participation and placing will be logged electronically during events, and the exhibitor can then visit the bank the following day to show their ID and claim premiums. (Exception: dog and horse premiums will be paid at the time of judging)

FACILITIES AND BARN SAFETY.

- No floor fans will be permitted in the barn areas. All fans must be hung, for the safety of small children.
- Electrical cords must be good repair and in a safe condition. Unsafe cords will be confiscated.
- Regulations are in place for pop-up tents placed in designated areas near and around barns during the fair:
 - o They can't be put up prior to NOON on Friday, August 5th.
 - o Goat exhibitors will only be permitted to have tents on show days (Sunday, Monday and Friday). This will hopefully help with an air flow issue on the south side of the goat barn.

LIVESTOCK SALES.

Livestock sales checks will be mailed no earlier than 30 days following the sale. All checks will be mailed, no checks will be held for pick-up! There will be a \$35 charge to re-issue a check with a stale date past the 60 days cashing period.

TRAFFIC AND PARKING.

- Updated traffic patterns for livestock to unload on Saturday, August 6th will be announced closer to the fair.
 Be watching the Hartford Website for updates!
- Two areas of preferred / paid parking are available. First, east of the hog barn will be a preferred parking area for cars / trucks (no trailers) at a cost of \$20 per permit. The second area, to the east of the Sheep and Goat barns will be preferred parking for trailers at a cost of \$30 per pass. Trailers remaining on the grounds will be placed in a specific parking area that does not interfere with visitor parking needs.
- Exhibitor vehicles coming on to the grounds in the morning to deliver feed and hay may only do so prior to 10:00 a.m. Those vehicles must return to a parking lot prior to 10 a.m.
- Camper arrival... Campers are permitted to enter through Gate D beginning at noon on Tuesday No campers are permitted to park alongside road prior to that time (SAFETY ISSUES). Campers will then be lined up in the North Parking Lot and be permitted to enter the campground on Wednesday morning beginning at 8:00 a.m.
 - There are also additional regulations in place for 2022 regarding cars parked in the campground. Those camping at the fair are strongly encouraged to view those rules in their camper packet!

...AND OTHER ITEMS.

- Fair Book will be available only in electronic format, via website.
- Alcoholic beverages will be available for sale on the fairgrounds throughout the fair. Beverages will be sold
 in the general area of the grandstands, with those beverages not being permitted beyond the Race Horse
 Barns (to the East), and the Gazebo (to the West). No alcoholic beverages can be taken into the area of junior
 fair programming.
- Entries are due by 5:00 p.m. on Saturday, June 18th. Verification forms should be mailed by no later than July 7th, with late entries being accepted until July 22nd. Should you not receive your verification or be out of town during the time that it should arrive, please contact the Fair Office to verify your entry information.
- Daily admission will be \$8, with season passes being sold for \$45 at the Fair Office.
- Be sure to stay up to date through the Hartford Fair website and Facebook pages.
- Photo IDs... Schedule of when photos will be taken for exhibitors / advisors' IDs will be posted to the Hartford Fair website and shared on social media. Please be attentive and have photos taken in a timely manner, if a photo needs to be taken.
 - o All exhibitors last name N-Z, and any exhibitor who did not have a junior fair ID in 2021 will need to have a photo taken (including all new members).
 - o All 4-H and FFA Advisors are asked to have a new photo taken in 2022.

Updated 02.23.2022



2022 Hartford Fair Entry and Picture ID Information

Hartford Fair14028
Fairgrounds Rd
Croton, OH 43013Email:
beth@hartfordfair.com

Phone: 740-893-4881

Entries:

Entry Deadline is 5 PM, June 18th. All entry forms will be available online. These forms can be completed online, saved as a PDF file, and printed. You will need to print the completed form in order to add signatures. Entry changes may be made until July 22nd. No changes will be allowed after this date. Any new entry or additional entries received after 5 PM, June 18th and before July 22nd will be charged a late fee. No entry or change will be permitted after July 22nd. You should be able to find department and entry information on our website, www.hartfordfair.com by the end of April.

We can't stress enough to please get your entries in as early as possible! If you wait until deadline, you may be paying a late fee. Any incomplete entry, such as incorrect form, project, or missing signatures will not be processed until corrected. Be sure to pay attention to the type of form you are using and the entry limitations. Only Market Entries should be on the Market form and all other livestock would use the Non-Market form. All still projects displayed in the 4-H Center or FFA building will use the Individual Still Project form.

We strongly encourage club advisors to turn in all members' entries together whenever possible. Advisors will need to schedule an appointment during office hours. If necessary, some evenings and weekends will be available. Please email beth@hartfordfair.com to schedule your club's appointment.

If it is not possible for an advisor to submit an entry, the exhibitor may do one of the following:

- Mail an entry and payment to the fair office Hartford Fair Entries, 14028 Fairgrounds Rd, Croton, OH 43013. Must be postmarked no later than 5 PM, June 18, 2022.
- E-mail your completed entry form(s) to <u>beth@hartfordfair.com</u>. Once emailed you will then need to call Beth @ 740-893-4881 to pay your entry fee by credit card. Payment must be made before entry will be processed.
- If neither of these are possible, you can email browley@hartfordfair.com or call Beth @740-893-4881 to make arrangements to drop off at the fair office so they can be checked.

ID Badge Pictures:

All ID Pictures will be taken at the Hartford Fair Babcock Building between April 1st and May 31st. Check the Hartford Fair website www.hartfordfair.com for dates and times available.

Exhibitor Picture ID's:

- Who needs to have a picture taken this year? All exhibitors with a last name beginning with <u>N thru Z</u>.
 Those with last name beginning with A thru M and did not have an exhibit last year will also need a pictureID.
- Who does not need a new picture taken this year? If your last name begins with A thru M <u>and</u> you received a 2021 ID Photo Badge. A new badge will be issued with the last photo on file.
 Advisor Picture ID's:
- All advisors will need to have a picture taken for 2022.

NOTE: If you are unsure, please email beth@hartfordfair.com and we will tell you if you need a new picture.

Hartford Fair Poultry Classes

Class JA – Meat Poultry (eligible for sale at action)

Broiler chickens, ducks, and turkeys intended for the table are included in this class. All broiler chickens, ducks and turkeys must originate from the Hartford Fair meat chicken/duck/turkey pool to be eligible for showing and selling.

Class JB - Poultry Breeding/Egg Layers (not for sale at auction)

Chickens and ducks kept for egg production or for breeding stock are included. Male and female birds are eligible for showing. Birds in this class are generally purchased from a hatchery or farm store and are not necessarily purebred.

Class JC – Fancy Poultry (not for sale at auction)

Purebred Bantam and Large Fowl chickens, purebred Bantam and large ducks, and turkeys bred to the APA or ABA Standard for show are included in this class. People breeding and raising this type of poultry are considered *fanciers*, and they participate in a tradition of breeding, raising and showing purebred poultry, referred to as the *poultry fancy*.

You must enter your project in the correct class in order to get the recognition you deserve for your hard work. Also you must have your birds banded or registered at the appropriate banding session at the Hartford Fairground poultry barn to be eligible for showing at the fair as follows:

- Fancy, breeding/egg layers, and turkeys, first Saturday in May from 10:00 2:00.
- All other meat poultry, second Saturday in July from 10:00 2:00.
- If you can't attend the appropriate banding, make arrangements with someone to bring your project birds for the appropriate banding session for your project. Contact the Sr. Fair Board prior to the deadline if arrangements can't be made to bring the birds to the fairgrounds.

Helpful things to know:

- If you bought your birds from a feed mill or hatchery, they should be entered as breeding/egg laying or meat poultry.
- If you bought your birds from a *breeder* who produces and shows birds bred to the Standard, then you enter in the *fancy* class.
- All sale birds must meet weight and quality standards no malnourished or injured birds will be sold.
- Exhibitors are responsible for all feeding, watering, and pen cleaning while at the fair. Be sure to make arrangements with your fellow exhibitors to cover any times you may not be available to monitor your birds.
- The Hartford Fair Premium Book from last year's fair is the best source for information about the fair until the new book is released.
- You should always know the breed and purpose of the stock you are raising, and participate in the corresponding 4-H project through your club. If you have questions about the breed or class you need to enter, ask your advisor, or call John deSaavedra (740) 927-0548.

Project Care Checklist:

| • | My emergency phone number is |
|---|--|
| • | Another person you can call in an emergency is |
| • | I will return on |
| • | Empty and refill water every day |
| • | Provide exact instructions for using water founts. |
| • | Check water 2 times a day. Do not let the water run out. |

- Check temperature at least 2 times a day. The temperature should stay between ____ and ____ degrees.
- Rig an extra fan before you leave, so it can be turned off if needed.
- Check heat lamps. Always use two lamps when chicks are small. Keep an extra bulb available. DO NOT USE CLIP LAMPS.
- Secure heat lamps or night lights with a chain, wire, or cable. There is no excuse for burning down your house or barn.
- Provide enough feed for your time away. Label the feed clearly.
- Provide clear instructions for filling the feeders or cups. Example: fill each feeder no more than 1/3 full.
- Feed adult birds at regular time each day when possible.
- Do not let broiler chickens run out of feed or water, EVER.
- Make arrangements for banding and testing with someone you can count on if you will be away.
- Separate any sick or picked-on birds from the flock right away. Be sure to provide a place to separate birds if needed.
- Provide instructions for when the power goes off.
- Review your checklist with all potential helpers.
- Have your helpers walk through the list by helping with the chores before you leave.
- Post an extra copy of your checklist in the barn for everyone to see.

CARE FOR YOUR BIRDS AT THE FAIR

Your birds are representing you, your hobby, and 4-H while they are at the fair. It is important to take extra care of them while they are on display. To be sure that they are presentable at all times, consider keeping the following list of things available. Keep these supplies in the common area near the bulletin board in the front of the barn behind the information desk. Mark your supplies with your name so you can find them later. Items piled in or at the ends of aisles will be moved.

SUPPLIES:

- Pine shaving for litter. No straw or cedar.
- Container to carry soiled litter.
- Gloves of any kind.
- Watering can or jug.
- Extra feed appropriate for your birds.
- Grooming supplies in case your birds need attention.
- Two one-gallon or half-gallon plastic jugs if none are available at the barn on the day of coop-in.

Once the coops have been selected, put a 2-inch layer of white pine shavings in the bottom of the coop. Then tie a cutout jug in opposite front corners of the coop for feed and water. Do not use chick feeders or waterers, or any other kind of cup of crock, as they will be knocked over or soiled immediately.

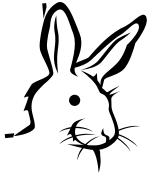
Be prepared to see that your birds are provided with clean water at all times, and that they have the appropriate feed. Also be prepared to check the litter 2-3 times a day. Using gloves or small scoop, remove manure and wet spots. All litter and manure must be taken to the manure pit behind the hog barn. This will help keep everyone, including your parents, advisors, the public, and especially your birds happy all week.

Remember, it is your responsibility to keep the very best care of your project birds while on display. If there is a time when you cannot check your project, make arrangements for someone else to do so. It is also important that you are willing to be there when someone else needs help.

Youth Rabbit and Poultry Clinic & Fun Show

Saturday, June 25, 2025

Hartford Independent Fairgrounds Hondros Family Beef Barn





Barn Opens: 8:00 a.m. Show Registration: 8:30-9:30 a.m. Showmanship Clinic: 9:00 a.m.

Show: 10:30 a.m.

Show Rules

- Youth at least 8 years old and in the third grade through 18 years old (as of 1/1/2022) may participate, regardless of 4-H membership.
- Purebred and mixed breed rabbits and poultry may be entered.

Each breed of rabbit will be shown in four divisions: Sr Buck, Jr Buck, Sr Doe and Jr Doe.

A breed will require at least five rabbits to be separated as a breed.

Poultry Classes: Commercial and Fancy (NO MEAT).

- Entries are not limited.
- Entries are made the day of the show.
- RABBITS AND POULTRY MUST BE IN CARRYING CAGES WITH LEAK-PROOF BOTTOMS!
- A "free" raffle ticket will be given for every five entries entered under the same exhibitor.
- The Rabbit & Poultry Committee and the Hartford Independent Fair Board will not be responsible in the case of fire, theft, or accident; however, precautions will be taken to avoid any mishap.
- YOUTH MUST BRING THEIR ENTRY TO THE TABLE!

Awards!

Rabbit:

Best of Show - Trophy
Best of Breed (must be 5 in a class) - Plaques or Rosettes
1st - 3rd Place in each class - Ribbons

Poultry:

Best of Show - Trophy
Best Fancy & Best of Commercial (must be 5 in a class) - Plaques or Rosettes
1st - 3rd Place in each class - Ribbons

Raffle Proceeds

will benefit
Rabbit and Poultry
youth events held at the
Hartford Independent
Fair.

For more information, please contact:

Sonia or Alisha Tilley: (740) 745-3380 (General / Rabbit information)

John DeSaavedra: (740) 927-0548 (Poultry information)

Poultry Project Prep List

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JFDJSB
                                 TUIGFG
         XIKEAVADED
                              UTBPIQNLYL
       FFTCELZBMERQ
                             KATWNPAIGFXI
        JKHCNGFEBEVVZ
                           LNGBJYMBJVQLV
       RFIAMVRIUUFLL
                           SAMCAPEQJHJDZ
        TQHFNGRBYPIZM
                           QFBBJTAHPYFTZ
  IWRD
         HMFEWVCETEGL
                           ZDWMWLHZRRTT
                                            TSAY
          SNYAIFTEZAX
                           SZERQVNENOS DXWKNQ
 LFKYLC
 BYRKTYTCKGGBEMOGPV
                           FIDEPVZGRLOMHIDRZB
TWBDVPTYXSAFROZNXOM
                           RTHWFIVMGMIAABMVKBW
                           PUNOBRJPJXOJVJWNTAD
DQGKZCPHPMALREDOORB
EQCERLCNIUTBTIRGQJQ
                           IBKMWCERFOBMMJKFTIC
ONYNAPJAVWKJDFCUBUH
                           EGMQPHOTIIELEISEHGS
Q M E N T N N Z W F K R U L H I G L J
                           RLHQPOIARRKEBTRJKAM
G T Y W D I S I O C J U Z D I M G G F K A W K H W W B D U M A S D D E E F Q B C
 K W R L N L N Y Q P H M D C I B G P V D V S R I W F I P K F T N R C N R T D
 J O B J I J R A J Q K W K K G E G I P Q S Q J X X T J O G I X S K M Q O P L
  F F P W R S G F X I C V S O T T X T O W L R K A T P X R L L L K A V I M
   V K Y H A I O M V V F W Y Y E S F D M A N R H W Y Z J Y T G E F N N
                  GFJVTBYSRPXF
                  ETTRINCGERMW
    NFZNEWSPAPERQSOHTKNDIIEYFXCUDMHTFW
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J X I L C A Z A R L K O A H A P H D A
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YJVJCFHUFUQBMSZZHTM
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MYHHDFEJKBSEOJOGOOA
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                           KJJWDNJPUZIOMSTLHC
 BXYQGI
          BXCULSTFYNE
                           CGPFWZNGGVH HSDOF
                           CEOMZZCZQQYI
         KDATOOOLWOVD
       SIRVTSRGUSITU
                           IAQNEBTZKECGW
        JXOEXEEKOOPYG
                           OMWAVFEGXWBMU
       XRCMDRHSPOGLX
                           NVHXQQUMETCIV
        XCEOFHSFEXOG
                            RKXZAGNSCCGH
         PRMVADGMMT
                              TSETJFORLF
           KAZNEH
                                 POOCXC
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WORD LIST:

| BROODER LAMP | EMERGENCY PLAN | HOUSING | RESOURCE BOOK |
|--------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| CHICK FEEDER | FANS | LITTER | SPACE |
| CHICKS | GOSLINGS | NEWSPAPER | STARTER FEED |
| COOP | GRAVITY FEEDER | POULTS | THERMOMETER |
| DUCKLINGS | GRIT | RECORD BOOK | WATERER |

Poultry Project Prep List

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JFDJSB
                                    TUIGFG
          X I K E A V A D/B D
                                 UTBPIQNLYL
        FFTCELZB/M/ERQ
                               KATWNPAIGFXI
        JKHCNGF/E/BEVVZ
                              LNGBJYMBJVQLV
        RFIAMV/R/IUUF/L)L
                              SAMCAPEQJHJDZ
        TQHFNGRBYP/1/ZM
                              Q F B B J (T A H P Y F T Z
         HMF/E/WVCE/T/EGL
   IWRD
                              ZDWMWLHZRRTT
                                                TSAY
                              SZERQVNENOS
                                               DXWKNQ
 LFKYLC
 BYRKTYT/C/KGGB/E/MOGPV
                              FIDEPVZGRLOMHIDRZB
                              RTHWFIVMGWIAABMVKBM
TWBDVPT/Y/XSAFROZNXOM
DQGKZC/P/HPMALREDOORB
                              PUNOBRJPJXOJVJWNTAD
EQCER/L/CNIUTB(TIRGQJQ
                              IBKMWCERFOBMMJKF/T/IC
ONYNAPJAVWKJDFQUBUH
                              E/GMQPHOTIIELEIS/E/HGS
QMENTNNZWFKRULHIGLJ
                              R L H Q P O I A R R K E B T R J K A M
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 JOBJIJRAJQKWKKGEG/I/PQSQJXXTJOGIXSKMQOPL
   FFPWRSGPXICVSOT/T/XTOWLRKATPXRLLLKAVIM
    V K Y H A I O M V V F W Y Y E S F D M A N R H W Y Z J Y T G E F N N
                    G/F/J V T B Y S R P X F
                     TTRINCGERMW
    N F Z N E W S P A P/E/R) Q S O H T K N D I I E Y F X C U D M H T F W
  LWEAXCJBDYDV JLMXOSN II EGKPTDBLNSTGJRSM
 SYUTUFDBRO/E/PHBEABLWQ LEOTCHVUZYLQTZNSSJ
 WNECMXZEL RZIWPCHPDMY K F S DGDZKAKOLCPUHRC
A B P Q X P H R Z V C 🕅 A D W C G U N T K C K L S U I B M N R U C K M X B Y V Q
J X I L C A Z A R L K O A H A P H D A
                              U C I I T D G F K I D G E J C W I O H
W A O K J Z F R X V Y O X E N R C F R
                              DINZEZNNVOHZCEZGNEW
                              Z H G H O N N K I O V H D C X V Z V C
Y J V J C F H U F U Q B M S Z Z H T M
M Y H H D F E J 🕅 B S E O J O G O O A
                              ACSSWBEESSFPEAOEZYF
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                              X R Q L M B Y C E G U R T P E D J V W
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                              KJJWDNJPUZIOMSTLHC
           BXCULSTFYNE
                              CGPFWZNGGVH HSDOF
 BXYQGI
          KDATOOOLWOVD
                              CEOMZZCZQQYI
        SIRVTSRGUSITU
                              IAQNEBTZKECGW
        J X O E X E E K O O P Y G
                              OMWAVFEGXWBMU
        X R C M D R H S P O G L X
                              NVHXQQUMETCIV
        X C <mark>E</mark> O F H S F E X O G
                               RKXZAGNSCCGH
          PRMVADGMMT
                                 TSETJFORLF
             KAZNEH
                                   POOCXC
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| DUCKLINGS | GRIT | RECORD BOOK | WATERER . |

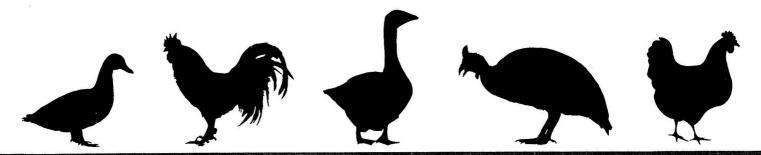
Poultry Resources for Ohio 4-H

Need some reliable, researched-based sources for information about your poultry project? We recommend you start here, with the links below.

- Ohio State University Extension, http://4hansci.osu.edu/poultry Contains important dates and links specifically to Ohio 4-H.
- eXtension, www.extension.org
 A national database of articles and responses to questions from Extension's experts. Go to the homepage and do a search or submit your own questions to Ask an Expert.
- University of Kentucky Poultry 101, http://afspoultry.ca.uky.edu/extension-poultry101
 A good general overview of poultry from our land grant partners at University of Kentucky.
- American Poultry Association (APA), www.amerpoultryassn.com
 Information about shows, health, and competition from the publishers of the American Standard of Perfection.
- American Bantam Association (ABA), www.bantamclub.com
 A wealth of resources and images from the publishers of the Bantam Standard.
- Poultry Show Central, **www.poultryshowcentral.com**Up-to-date resource for information about poultry shows, breeders, and more.
- United State Environmental Protection Agency, http://www.epa.gov/agriculture/ag101/printpoultry.html Overall perspectives on the broiler and layer industries.

These print resources offer thorough and practical information too:

- Storey's Guide to Raising Poultry, 4th Edition: Chickens, Turkeys, Ducks, Geese, Guineas, Gamebirds by Glenn Drowns (2012)
- How to Raise Poultry: Everything You Need to Know, Updated and Revised (FFA) by Christine Heinrichs (2014)



Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza

Fact Sheet





Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) has been detected in a backyard flock in Franklin County, Ohio. HPAI is a contagious, infectious disease of all avian (bird, poultry) species. It can be transmitted from wild birds to domestic birds like chickens and turkeys and amongst commercial/backyard birds. It can also be transmitted via human fomites (inanimate objects) like boots, clothing, tires, and vehicles.

What you can do to prevent HPAI from entering your flock:

- Bring all of your birds inside an enclosed structure and away from wild birds and waterfowl
- Practice good biosecurity including:
 - Have a designated set of footwear and clothing to wear around your birds
 - Wash your hands frequently while around poultry
 - Keep visitors to a minimum
- Watch your birds for signs of illness
- Isolate new arrivals to your flock

Clinical Signs of HPAI:

- Lethargy
- Decreased appetite
- Decreased water consumption
- Respiratory signs including nasal discharge
- Purple discoloration of wattles and combs
- Swelling of head and eyelids
- Drop in egg production
- Sudden death

What should you do if you have sick birds?

- Do NOT bring sick birds to ADDL. Please call ODA first.
- Call ODA at 614-728-6220 or after hours at 888-456-3405 OR USDA at 614-856-4735
- USDA/ODA will send out a field veterinarian or inspector to your premise to ask questions about your flock and to collect samples of your birds.

Veterinary Extension

Poultry Owners



The United States aims to remain free from Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (bird flu). This means that the preferred course of action in the event of an outbreak is to immediately eradicate the disease.

Poultry Owners need to be on alert and protect their birds through proper biosecurity. Owners and their flocks must avoid any direct or indirect contact with wild birds or other poultry. If there is high mortality, owners should submit birds to be tested

The Ohio State University COLLEGE OF VETERINARY MEDICINE

I think my birds have the flu. What do I do?

If your birds are dying at an alarming rate, you should immediately contact any of the following:

Ohio Department of Agriculture



Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory: (614) 728-6220 After Hours: (888) 456-3405.

US Department of Agriculture



Toll-free number (866)-536-7593

Ohio Poultry Association



info@ohiopoultry.org OHIO POULTRY Phone: (614) 882-6111

If your birds are suspected of having influenza, they will be tested by ADDL

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United States Department of **Agriculture**

National Institute of Food and Agriculture

Any opinions, findings, conclusions, or recommendations expressed in this publication are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the view of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Veterinary Extension



Bird Flu What is it? How to avoid it?

Bird flu, or avian influenza, is a disease caused by influenza type A virus that can infect poultry. Most strains are low pathogenic. Highly pathogenic strains (HPAI) are highly contagious in birds and often cause death in poultry.

Q: Is this a new bird disease?

A: There are many different subtypes and strains of flu viruses that circulate, and can evolve into new strains. Those designated as HPAI can be devastating to poultry.

Q: Is it the same as the human influenza?

A: This particular version of the virus does not infect humans. It is strictly a bird disease, not a threat to human health as stated by CDC. Eggs, chicken and turkey are safe to eat.



HPAI: Improve Biosecurity with Wildlife Deterrents

Certain diseases, including Avian Influenza, have little to no illness in wild waterfowl yet can have a huge impact in your domestic flock.

Strengthen your farm biosecurity by implementing wildlife management practices to limit exposure to your flock.

- :Remove standing water. Even shallow water can attract wildlife. Make sure to keep your birds away from this area. Do not walk or move equipment near areas visited by wild waterfowl.
- Do not use pond water as drinking water.
 Only provide clean filtered water to your birds.
- o **Reduce wildlife feed sources**. Do not feed wildlife and have poultry feed in secured area.
- Add wildlife deterrents. Use decoys such as swans or predators and move frequently to improve effectiveness. Add fencing around ponds.



Q: How will I know if my birds get infected with this virus?

One of the earliest signs of the disease is increased death with up to 100% mortality in many cases. Birds will also show signs of sickness, twisted necks, blue and swollen faces and feet. The most consistent necropsy lesion was hemorrhages on the proventriculus (See pictures below).









Wild migratory
waterfowl are thought
to be the source of the
disease. The state of
Ohio is part of the
Mississippi Flyway.

Q: Can this disease affect my backyard/show flock or 4-H project?

Yes, Avian influenza can infect all domestic poultry including chickens, turkeys, and ducks. It is important to have good biosecurity practices in place and keep your birds away from wild waterfowl.



Q: How can I protect my birds from this terrible disease?

BIOSECURITY

- Biosecurity includes all of the sanitary practices implemented to prevent the spread of diseases. These include:
- Prevent any contact with wild birds
- o Prevent any contact with other animals, wild or domestic
- o Keep your birds sheltered in animal proof/ bird proof houses
- o Avoid visitors to your flock
- Use disposable gloves and shoe covers before you come in contact with your birds or their environment
- o Wash your hands before and after contact with your birds or their environment
- \circ Use dedicated cloths to work with your birds, or use disposable coveralls
- o Avoid using surface water (ponds or lakes) as a source of drinking water for your birds
- Acquire your feed from reliable sources and store it in a clean, dry, and cool place away from wild birds or wild animal's access, particularly rodents
- Visit 'Defend The Flock' at aphis.usda.gov for excellent resources for bird biosecurity.

Ohio Livestock Care Standards



Layers, Broilers, Turkeys











In November 2009, Ohio voters passed State Issue 2 approving the creation of the Ohio Livestock Care Standards Board. This vote demonstrated Ohioans' support for keeping the state's number one industry – food and agriculture – vibrant and strong. The board was charged with creating state standards for the care and well-being of livestock in Ohio.

The enabling language required the board to take the following into consideration when developing the standards: Best management practices for the care and well-being of livestock; Biosecurity; Disease prevention; Animal Morbidity and mortality data; Food safety practices, Protection of local, affordable food supplies for consumers; Generally accepted veterinary medical practices, livestock practice standards and ethical standards established by the American Veterinary Medical Association, and; Any other factors that the board considers necessary for the proper care and well-being of livestock in this state.

The comprehensive livestock care standards developed by the Board are meant to be practical for livestock producers of all sizes, scales and production methods and will not only assure better livestock care, but will also support the state's overarching goals of promoting safe and affordable food, and helping to prevent the outbreak of both animal and human diseases.

Unless otherwise noted in this guide, the responsibility for ensuring these livestock care standards are being kept falls on the person who owns or has responsibility for or custody of the animal.

PoultryLayers, Broilers, Turkeys

Ohio's livestock care standards regulate poultry raised for human food products or fiber. As used in these rules, poultry means turkeys or chickens, both male and female, including **layers**, **broilers** and **turkeys**.

Layers are female chickens that have reached sexual maturity as demonstrated by egg production. **Broilers** are chickens raised for meat, and **turkeys** are also raised for meat.

Breeders are chickens or turkeys raised to perpetuate progeny and **pullets** are young female chickens prior to sexual maturity. A **poultry flock** is a grouping of more than one chicken or turkey, which may be raised for egg production, meat and/or as breeders.

General Welfare Considerations

Feed and Water

In general, poultry must receive a sufficient quantity and quality of feed and water on a regular basis. However, water may be withheld from poultry based on the specific direction, written or verbal, of a licensed veterinarian and only for the period of time specified by the veterinarian.

Water may be restricted or temporarily withheld by the person who owns or has responsibility for or custody of the birds in certain circumstances such as preparation for administration of vaccines or medication through the water, preparation for transportation, or if the farm's operating procedures specify this management practice.

Housing

As defined in the rules, housing means the physical area or location which is occupied by the poultry. Poultry housing and handling facilities must be designed to **minimize bruising and injury**. In general housing must provide a clean and safe environment that promotes the health, welfare and performance of birds in all stages of their lives. It is important that housing, handling facilities and equipment continue to be monitored and maintained for this same reason.

The rules require that free-range or pastured broilers and turkeys (birds housed outside) have reasonable protection from adverse weather conditions and from predators. Any enclosures, including fencing, must be designed and maintained to minimize bruising and injury.

Indoor housing must seek to minimize exposure to adverse weather, must seek to minimize conditions in which the birds cannot effectively thermo-regulate, and must provide sufficient ventilation necessary to reduce concentrations of carbon monoxide, ammonia and dust. In houses or barns that require mechanized ventilation, ventilation systems must be in working condition and must provide backup systems.

If bedding is provided, it must be of good quality and absorbent. Whether birds are housed indoors or outdoors, environmental

moisture must be managed in order to promote the health and welfare of the flock. Stocking densities must allow all birds to rest at the same



The outdoor housing rules were developed based on three principles:

- 1. Minimize prolonged exposure to adverse weather conditions
- 2. Manage environmental moisture
- 3. Ensure access to feed and water

Cage Housing System Provisions for Layers

The rules prohibit the installation of conventional battery cages at any farm that is not an "existing farm" as of September 29, 2011. An existing farm means:

- 1. all land that houses pullets, layers or breeders utilizing any housing system as of September 29, 2011; and
- 2. any land contiguous to the "existing farm" that it is acquired by the owner or operator of the "existing farm" before or after September 29, 2011; and
- 3. the sale, transfer and/or partition of an "existing farm" after September 29, 2011 does not void its status as an "existing farm."

For those farms defined as "existing farms," the following provisions regarding **conventional battery** cage systems apply:

- 1. the slope of the cage floor must not exceed eight degrees
- 2. in cage systems installed prior to September 29, 2011, house/barn averaging must provide a minimum average of 67 square inches per layer by September 29, 2016,
- 3. systems installed after September 29, 2011 must provide 67 square inches per layer, and must be designed so that manure from birds in upper cage levels does not drop directly on birds in lower cage levels,
- 4. any existing farm is not precluded from expansion using current cage housing systems,
- 5. any housing system on an existing farm may be replaced with the same housing system in the case of a catastrophic event (such as fire, flood, wind, or building collapse) that requires new construction to replace the existing housing system.

Farms not defined as "existing farms," and wishing to utilize a cage system, may only utilize an enriched cage system. Enriched cage systems must meet at least the following requirements:

- 1. the slope of the cage floor must not exceed eight degrees,
- 2. a minimum of 67 square inches per layer must be provided,
- 3. manure from birds in upper cage levels does not drop directly on birds in lower cage levels, and
- 4. features must be provided in addition to feed and water, such as areas for nesting, scratching, perching, and/or dust bathing.

All farms, whether or not they are defined as "existing farms," may utilize a **cage-free housing system**. A cage-free Housing System is defined as any housing system where the layers are not exclusively housed in a cage. This includes, but is not limited to, free-range pasture, aviaries, fixed houses, portable houses, pasture pens, and other integrated systems. Cage-free housing systems must meet the following requirements:

- 1. Systems installed after September 29, 2011 must provide a minimum of 144 square inches per layer.
- 2. If perches are provided, they must be positioned to minimize fecal fouling of layers, feeders and drinkers below, and if multi-tiered perches are used, each tier must allow hens to safely access other vertical tiers, including the floor.
- 3. If nests are provided, they must be cleaned as necessary to ensure that manure does not accumulate.
- 4. Any farm that is utilizing a cage-free system prior to September 29, 2011 will have until September 29, 2016 to complete any changes necessary to come into compliance with these requirements.

time without being forced to rest on each other at all stages of production, and all birds must have access to feed and water without excessive competition. Environmental management in the flock's housing system must be designed to control rodents, non-beneficial insects, and parasite infestation in the birds.

Broiler and turkey breeder housing must be designed so that the introduction of new birds is done in a manner which seeks to minimize aggression and the risk of injury. If nest space is provided, the space must be cleaned as necessary to ensure that manure does not accumulate. If slats are used in broiler breeder housing, the slats must be designed and maintained so as to minimize bruising and injury and, if birds get under the slats they must be removed immediately.

Adequate lighting must be available for inspection purposes.

The light can be provided by electric lighting, or may be as minimal as a flashlight, natural sunlight or a portable light source for indoor or outdoor inspection. If natural light is not available, artificial light must be provided for rearing and production.

Proper indoor housing ventilation is necessary to reduce concentrations of carbon monoxide, ammonia and dust.

Equipment

Poultry handling equipment must also be designed and maintained in order to minimize bruising and injury. Electric prods cannot be used on poultry. Distress can occur when birds are injured, sick or in pain, therefore rules require equipment to be used 'humanely'. **Humane care** is defined as handling of poultry that seeks to minimize distress.

Handling

Ohio's livestock care standards require **anyone** who owns or has responsibility for or custody of poultry to catch, lift and move the birds humanely. Birds can be caught or carried by one or both legs, but are not to be caught, carried or lifted by the head, neck or tail. All practices and procedures pertaining to health or medical treatment of the birds must be done humanely.

General Management Practices

If performed in a humane manner, the following livestock management procedures are permitted in order to minimize injury to the birds: beak conditioning; general toenail conditioning in layers and turkeys; male back toe conditioning in broilers; dewclaw and snood conditioning in turkeys; caponizing in broilers; dubbing; and, induced molting.

Conditioning

When raising layers or **broilers**, conditioning is defined as the trimming of the beak or the partial or complete removal of the comb, toe nail and dewclaw for the purpose of preventing injury during the growth or maturity of the birds.

When raising **turkeys**, conditioning is defined as the trimming of the beak or the partial or complete removal of the snood, toenail, and dewclaw for the purpose of preventing injury during the growth or maturity of the birds.

Induced Molting

When inducing molting, only non-feed withdrawal methods may be used. Layers must be fed a maintenance ration for non-producing layers, broiler and turkey breeders must be fed a maintenance ration for non-producing breeders. The light period must be reduced to no fewer than six hours in closed houses, or to natural day length in open houses, for the duration of the rest period. When the flock is placed back on a layer diet, light intensity and duration should be returned to the normal layer program. During the molting process, flock health, mortality and bird weight must be monitored.

lealth

Health

In addition to appropriate labeled medication, prescription and extra-label medications are often necessary to ensure livestock health. The medication label instructions must also be followed:

- how and where to administer the medication
- the proper dosage of the medication
- how to store the medication
- how long the medication must be withdrawn prior to the use of the animal's meat for human consumption.

The livestock care rules require all prescription and extra-label use medication to be obtained and administered to livestock with the advice and consent of a licensed veterinarian.



Extra-label drug use is the use of an approved drug in a manner that is not in accordance with its approved label. Extra-label drug use is only permitted under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian and in the context of a valid veterinary-client-patient relationship.

As with equipment usage, all practices and procedures pertaining to the health and medical treatment of livestock must be performed so as to minimize distress. For this reason, poultry must also be monitored regularly for evidence of disease, injury and parasites. When evidence of any of these ailments is found, corrective measures **must** be taken. If required by the condition of the bird, a means of separating the sick birds from the healthy birds must be available.

If, after receiving treatment and additional feed and care, an animal still looks to be emaciated, then it must be sent to market, transported to a slaughter facility, legally slaughtered on the farm, or euthanized.

Proper and complete documentation of treatments, medication and medication withdrawal times is necessary when bringing any disabled animal to market. It is the responsibility of the person who owns or has responsibility for or custody of the animal (except for third-party transporters) to keep these records.

Transportation

When transporting poultry, the person who owns or has responsibility for or custody of the birds is responsible for determining the load density. Load density in poultry conveyances must allow the birds to rest at the same time without being forced to rest on top of each other.

Handling of animals during the loading, transport and unloading process must be done humanely and poultry must be reasonably protected from adverse weather conditions during transit.

The transport driver is solely responsible for the welfare of the birds and must have an emergency action plan.

Transportation

Euthanasia

Except in slaughter facilities already governed by federal or state law, the only acceptable methods of euthanasia for poultry are the use of an inhaled carbon dioxide agent, cervical dislocation, a gunshot, blunt force, decapitation, a non-penetrating captive bolt, maceration, the use of injectable barbiturates, and electrocution. The methods are to be considered as sole methods for euthanasia; however, the rules do not preclude a licensed veterinarian from performing acceptable standards of veterinary practices.

If, in the course of employing one of these methods, humane death does not occur, the same method or another acceptable method must be

performed immediately. Death is confirmed by the absence of a heartbeat or breathing for five minutes, and the animal's lack of a blink reflex when the eye is touched. Exsanguination (to bleed an animal to death) can only be used to ensure the death of an unconscious animal or following stunning.



These methods must be followed when euthanizing an animal, regardless of whether the animal will be slaughtered on the farm, or its carcass burned, buried, composted or rendered. Ohio's livestock care standards do not alter the current regulations regarding the disposal of animals after they are confirmed dead.

Physical Methods

The physical methods

permitted for euthanizing poultry produce a humane death through the rapid loss of consciousness, followed by cardiac and respiratory arrest, ultimately leading to the complete loss of brain function.

Non-penetrating captive bolt

Non-penetrating captive bolt guns are powered by gunpowder or compressed air and do not have a projectile. In order to ensure humane death, the gun must be held firmly against the head to deliver a percussive blow which produces unconsciousness.

Gunshot

The rules require that the shooting take place in an area where legal firearm use is permitted and that the shooter be proficient in the use of firearms. The safety of the shooter, the public, and any nearby animal(s) must be taken into consideration when employing this method and the animal must be reasonably controlled whenever feasible.

Gunshot methods must utilize bullets of suitable caliber¹ depending on the size of the bird, and that expand on impact. The gun must be held as close as reasonably possible, but not less than 2 inches, from the head and the projectile must enter the brain at such an angle as to cause instant loss of consciousness and humane death. This method is permitted for use on freerange poultry only.



Maceration (the use of a mechanical apparatus that has rotating blades or projections that cause immediate fragmentation and death) may be used for one day old chicks and poults, and for pipped and embryonated eggs. If using this method, delivery to the macerator must occur in such a way and at such a rate that prevents any backlog at the point of entry into the macerator. Delivery must also avoid causing injury, suffocation, or avoidable distress.

Blunt force

In order to ensure humane death, a single decisive blow that produces immediate depression of the central nervous system and destruction of brain tissue resulting in rapid unconsciousness must be used. Blunt force can only be used as a method of euthanasia for turkeys weighing at least 15 pounds.

Cervical Dislocation/Decapitation

Cervical dislocation is the manual stretching or instrument assisted separation of the cervical vertebrae from the skull. Decapitation is the rapid separation of the head from the neck.

Chemical Methods

Carbon-Dioxide

The only inhalant agent permitted to be used as a method of euthanasia is compressed carbon dioxide (CO2) gas in cylinders. Furthermore, carbon dioxide is the only chemical allowed to be used for the euthanasia of animals intended for human or animal consumption. When using this method, gas concentration must be maintained for at least one minute after death.

Barbituates

Ohio's livestock care standards require that all injectable agents used for euthanizing animals, including all barbiturate derivatives, must be used by or under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian. It should be noted that barbiturates must not be used to euthanize an animal that will be used for human consumption.

¹ Ammunition for most animals must be a minimum caliber .22 hollow point long rifle.

Enforcement

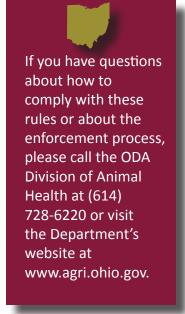
Ohio's livestock care standards will be enforced by the Ohio Department of Agriculture's (ODA) Divisions of Animal Health and Enforcement. Farms that are not currently subject to regular inspection will not be subject to any new regular inspections as a result of these rules. ODA staff will only inspect a farm if a credible complaint regarding violations of these rules is reported. Anonymous complaints will not be considered credible.

ODA staff will investigate credible complaints to determine if a violation has occurred. Violations affecting more than one animal **may** be considered as one offense. If a violation is found, the person who owns or has immediate custody of the animal(s) will be informed in person, or by telephone, fax, or email. If the notification is made in person or by telephone, written notification will also be sent within three days.

If the violation can be corrected, ODA staff will include the corrective measures which must be taken to achieve compliance with the rules, including the amount of time allowed to take any necessary corrective measures, in the written notice. If the responsible party fails to remedy the violation within the time specified in the written notice, they may be assessed a subsequent violation for each day the violation remains uncured.

Minor Violations

The rules define two kinds of violations: minor and major. Minor violations of Ohio's livestock care standards are generally due to neglect or unintentional acts of substandard practices. Minor violations are finable up to \$500 for the first minor offense and up to \$1,000 for each subsequent minor offense that is committed within 60 months of the previous minor violation.



Major Violations

Major violations of Ohio's livestock care standards are reckless or intentional acts which result in the unjustified infliction of pain. Major violations can be any action which:

- places an animal's life in imminent peril
- causes protracted disfigurement
- causes protracted impairment of health
- causes protracted loss or impairment of the function of a limb or bodily organ

Major violations of Ohio's livestock care standards are finable offenses with penalties ranging between \$1,000 and \$5,000 for the first major violation and \$5,000 to \$10,000 for each subsequent major violation that is committed within 60 months of the previous major violation.

If a major violation has occurred, ODA staff may also work with state and local agencies and nongovernmental organizations to provide care to the animal(s). This includes but is not limited to providing feed and water, providing medical care, taking possession of the animal(s), or euthanizing the animal.

Additional Penalties

In addition to any fine assessed for a violation, ODA may also assess an additional fee to recover the cost to the department to investigate a matter. This fee is based on the average salary and the average cost of benefits of all employees who are directly involved in the investigation, copying costs, and any direct or indirect costs to ODA including all necessary laboratory analysis and the caretaking costs.

Anyone who has been issued a fine for violations of these rules will have 30 days to request a hearing to appeal the Department's decision. If requested, the hearing will be overseen by an independent hearing officer who is a licensed attorney and not an employee of ODA.

This summary is for the convenience of those raising and handling livestock and is **not** intended to cover all laws and regulations. The Ohio Administrative Code contains the details of these regulations and is available for review at **www.ohiolivestockcarestandards.gov**

Questions?

Ohio Department of Agriculture Division of Animal Health 8995 E. Main St. Reynoldsburg, OH 43068

614-728-6220 animal@agri.ohio.gov

www.agri.ohio.gov



Department of Agriculture

John R. Kasich, Governor Mary Taylor, Lt. Governor James Zehringer, Director

Published: August 15, 2011

General Preventive Health Recommendations for Animals Exhibited at the Hartford Independent Fair

Robert C. Krueger, DVM Mount Vernon Animal Hospital – (740) 397.6958

It is encouraged that all participants have a current relationship with their veterinarian in order to foster the best preventive health care plan for their animals.

Please note: If your animal is under medical treatment at the fair, treatment must be overseen by the official Fair Veterinarian. Please report to the Veterinarian or the Fair Director to ensure compliance with tampering laws and exhibition rules.

Vaccination and internal parasite control must be administered at least 30 days prior to the start of the Fair.

<u>Special Note to Market Animals</u>: **All medications and vaccinations should be given under the guidance of a licensed veterinarian. All meat residues (withdrawal times) must be expired prior to exhibition. Consult your veterinarian for specific protocol recommendations and keep records of medication and dosages. These guidelines are to help protect the animals travelling into and out of the fairgrounds and to comply with residue avoidance guidelines.

Beef Cattle:

- 1. Vaccines: IBR, BRSV, BVD, PI3, Leptospirosis, Clostridial diseases(7) including Tetanus
- 2. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
- 3. External Parasite Control: Free of infectious external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Dairy Cattle (including Dairy Feeder Calves):

- 1. Vaccines: IBR, BRSV, BVD, PI3, Leptospirosis, Clostridial diseases(7) including Tetanus
 - a. **Dairy Feeder Calves: Given at vaccination clinic as required (1st Saturday in June)
- 2. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
- 3. External Parasite Control: Free of infections external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Goats:

- 1. Vaccines: Clostridium types C&D and Tetanus
- 2. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
- 3. External Parasite Control: Free of infections external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Poultry:

- 1. Vaccines: Vary depending upon management protocol. Consult your veterinarian.
- 2. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
- 3. External Parasite Control: Free of infections external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Rabbits:

- 1. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
- 2. External Parasite Control: Free of infections external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Sheep:

- 1. Vaccines: Clostridium types C& D and Tetanus
- 2. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
- 3. External Parasite Control: Free of infectious external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Swine:

- 1. Vaccines: Mycoplasma, Influenza, Erysipelas, Circovirus
- 2. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
- 3. External Parasite Control: Free of infectious external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Equine – Horse / Pony:

- 1. Vaccines: West Nile Virus, Eastern Equine Encephalitis, Western Equine Encephalitis, Tetanus, Rhinopneumonitis (EHV 4/1), Equine Influenza, Rabies.
 - a. These vaccines are required per fair rules.
- 2. Internal Parasite Control: De-worming is individualized per horse/per stable environment. It is recommended that your horse maintain a Fecal Egg Count of < 200 epg. Consult your veterinarian for the best protocol for your individual horse.
- 3. External Parasite Control: Horses should be free of all infectious external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.
- 4. Body Condition Score of > 4/9.

Canine:

- 1. Vaccines: Current Rabies, Distemper, Hepatitis (Adenovirus), Parvovirus, Parainfluenza, 4 way Leptospirosis, and Bordatella (Kennel Cough)
 - a. These vaccines are required per fair rules.
 - b. Veterinarian's Certificate posted at <u>www.licking.osu.edu</u> > 4-H Youth Development > Member Resources
- 2. Internal Parasite Control: Monthly heartworm and internal parasite control consistent with your veterinarian's recommendations for your dog.
- 3. External Parasite Control: Monthly prevention for fleas and ticks as well as free of all infectious external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.
- 4. Body Condition Score of 2.5/5 minimum.

DRUG USE NOTIFICATION FORM (DUNF)

Sections 1 through 9 \underline{must} be completed prior to show

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2022 HARTFORD FAIR 4-H & FFA PROJECT SKILLATHON & INTERVIEW JUDGING SCHEDULE

4-H Beef / Dairy Feeder Projects...

Contest: Sunday, August 7 @ 12:30 p.m. to 2:00 p.m. (Beef Barn/Grubb Arena) Awards: Tuesday, August 9 - Market Steer Show (Grubb Arena)

4-H Dairy Cattle Projects...

Contest: Monday, August 8 @ 2:00 to 4:00 p.m. (Grubb Arena) Awards: Tuesday, August 9 - Junior Dairy Show (Grubb Arena)

4-H Goat Projects...

Contest: Wednesday, August 10 @ 1:00 to 3:00 p.m. (4-H Center) Awards: Saturday, August 13 @ 9:00 a.m. (Grubb Arena)

4-H Horse Projects...

Contest: Sunday, August 7 @ 3:00 to 5:00 p.m. (Horse Complex) (skillathon only—project interviews held 8:00 a.m. daily)

Awards: Wednesday, August 10

4-H Poultry Projects...

Contest: Tuesday, August 9 @ 10:00 a.m. (Rabbit & Poultry Barn) Awards: Saturday, August 13 @ 9:00 a.m. (Grubb Arena)

4-H Rabbit Projects...

Contest: Wednesday, August 10 @ 10:00 a.m. (Rabbit & Poultry Barn) Awards: Saturday, August 13 @ 9:00 a.m. (Grubb Arena)

4-H Sheep Projects...

Contest: Sunday, August 7 @ 10:30 a.m. to 11:45 a.m. (Baird Sheep Arena) Awards: Wednesday, August 10 just prior to beginning of Market Lamb Show (Grubb Arena)

4-H Swine Projects...

Contest: Sunday, August 7 @ 11:00 a.m. (Swine Barn West Entrance) Awards: Tuesday, August 9 @ Market Hog Show (Swine Barn Arena)

Members should plan to bring completed project books with them to the skillathon contest. While a member's project book may not be required in order to participate in skillathon contests, it does account for a substantial amount of points.

Awards are presented for (1) skillathon performance, (2) personal interview score, and (3) project book score for completion.